## Chapter 13 - Words with Silent Letters

## THEME

Transportation

- Chapters 13-17 utilize the theme of different kinds of vehicles. Chapter 13 begins
 with cars. The first car was a steam car built in 1769 by Captain Nicolas-Joseph Cugnot. Steam cars gave way to cars with internal-combustion engines. Today, new car technologies include electric cars and vehicles that can drive on a flat tire for up to 50 miles.


## © PREPARATION

- Select two Challenge Words. Consider using the word design because it has the silent letter $g$ before $n$. Print 1 copy of BLM 13.1A Chapters 13-17 Spelling Lists. Add the challenge words and test dates. Then, copy the page for each student. Print BLM 13.1B Cross Out for each student. (13.1)
- Select DM 13.2A Silent Letters and DM 13.2B Sounds for display. Print 1 copy of BLM 13.2A Answer Key for DM 13.2B for your reference. Print BLM 13.2B Cars for each student. (13.2)
- Select DM 5.3A Dictionary Entry for display. (13.3)
- Gather the prepared copies of BLM 1.4A A Spelling Study Strategy. (13.4)


## 面 RECOVERY

- Assign the following reduced word list as needed: sign, knife, knock, whole, whose, wrong, writing, checking, object, directions. Modify the evaluation of assignments and Wrap Up accordingly.
- Use BLM 1.4A A Spelling Study Strategy in instructional groups to provide assistance with some or all of the words.


## Lesson 13.1 - Warm Up

## Introduction *

Administer the Warm Up. Direct students to spell each word. Instruct students who cannot spell a word to write the letters they hear. Say each word, use it in a sentence, and repeat the word. Use the sentences that follow, or develop original ones.

Pattern Words

1. whole
2. kneel
3. rack
4. wrist
5. whose
6. knock
7. wrench
8. knotted
9. wrecker
10. slick
11. wrong
12. gnat
13. whom
14. sign
15. writing
16. knife
17. checking
18. unknown

Henry bought a whole new set of tires.
Sometimes I kneel when I pray to Jesus.
Lucas placed his bicycle on the rack.
Amber twisted her wrist when she fell.
Whose car shall we use tonight?
Please knock loudly on the door.
Jaye used a wrench to hold the bolt.
The ribbons were all knotted up.
A wrecker came to the accident scene.
The roads were very slick after the storm.
The wrong car part was ordered.
A gnat has two wings.
Whom did you expect to see?
The highway sign posted the speed limit.
Rico is writing a poem for the contest.
The butcher sharpened his carving knife.
The mechanic is checking the engine.
The unknown sound startled Karl.
High-Frequency Words

| 19. object | The broken object will be replaced. | object |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20. directions | Alexis wrote down the directions. | directions |

## Challenge Words

21. 
22. 

## Directed Instruction *

1 Allow students to self-correct their pretest, following this procedure:
a. Write each word on the board. Discuss the letter/sound relationships in each word. Point out that the chapter contains words with silent letters. The spelling patterns for these words consist of the following: $g n, k n, w r, c k$, and wh before 0 .
b. As a class, read, spell, and read each word again. Direct students to circle misspelled words with a colored pencil and rewrite them correctly.

2 Proof each student's Warm Up.
3 Distribute BLM 13.1A Chapters 13-17 Spelling Lists to students for home study.
4 Homework suggestion: Distribute BLM 13.1B Cross Out to students for review of words with silent letters.

## Lesson 13.2-Phonics

## Introduction

Display DM 13.2A Silent Letters to review the Pattern Words with silent letters in this chapter. Point to, say, and chorally spell each word. Chorally spell each word again and instruct students to place their pointer finger in front of their mouth when they say the silent letter in each word. As a visual guide, each silent letter is printed in orange. Invite a student to cross out the silent letter in the word. Repeat this process for all the words. Challenge students to find the two Pattern Words that contain two silent letter spelling patterns each. (knock, wrecker)

## Directed Instruction * 4

1 Display DM 13.2B Sounds to practice selecting sounds that are the same in two words and to correctly say the pronunciation of a word with silent letters. In exercises $1-5$, read each word carefully and have students identify which word has the same sound as the underlined letter. In exercises 6-12, remind students that entry words in a dictionary have their pronunciation after the word. Teach that the words with silent letters have a different spelling than their pronunciation because the silent letter is missing in the pronunciation. Say each pronunciation and allow students to spell the word. Write each word on the adjacent line to the pronunciation. Use BLM 13.2A Answer Key for DM 13.2B.

2 Proceed to PAGE 49. Say, spell, and say each Pattern and High-Frequency Word. Provide this chapter's Challenge Words and have students write them in the spaces provided. Read the generalization about words with silent letters at the top of the page. Have students chorally read the generalization. Allow students to complete the page.

3 Proceed to PAGE 50 and select a volunteer to repeat the generalization and read the examples. Students will complete the page independently.

4 Homework suggestion: Distribute BLM 13.2B Cars for practice with words from this chapter.


## + EXTENSION

- Write this unit's words categorized by patterns on $5^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ INDEX CARDS and attach them to the Word Wall.
- Print BLMs 13.0A-B Chapter 13 Spelling Words I and II on CARD STOCK for each student. Cut apart and distribute flash cards for students to practice their spelling words at school or at home.
- Assist students in writing the Challenge Words, numbers 21 and 22, in the section called My Words for Writing, in the back of their textbook.
- For visual and kinesthetic learners, write incomplete Pattern Words from this chapter on CONSTRUCTION PAPER, leaving an empty space for the silent letter(s) in each word. Encourage students to use LETTER TILES with $g, k$, $w$, and c to complete the spelling of each word.


## Lesson 13.3 - Word Study

## Introduction

Display DM 5.3A Dictionary Entry to review and remind students that a dictionary entry consists of the following five parts: entry word, pronunciation, part of speech, definition, sample sentence.
Point out that an entry word may have more than one part of speech and more than one definition. Words with more than one definition may have more than one sample sentence. Words can also have multiple pronunciations. Invite students to identify and circle the five dictionary parts.

## Directed Instruction

1 Refer to the part of speech $n$. for the word skyline. Ask students to identify what $n$. stands for. (noun) Remind students that a noun is a person, place, or thing. Ask students to identify what an action word is called. (verb)

2 Write the following words on the board in random order:

- gnat, wrecker, wrench, wrist (nouns)
- checking, kneel, writing (verbs)
- knock (both a noun and a verb)

Use the Spelling Dictionary to assist with this exercise. Direct students to look up each word and identify which words are nouns, verbs, or both. Some words can have more than one part of speech, which may not be identified in the Spelling Dictionary. The part of speech for each word is based on its usage in this chapter.

3 Proceed to PAGE 51. Encourage students to use their Spelling Dictionary to complete the exercises on their own. Utilizing dictionary skills is an essential study practice. Review the page as a class.

## Lesson 13.4 - Writing

## Introduction

Remind students that a graphic organizer is a drawing that shows how words or ideas fit together. Draw the following word web on the board:


Invite students to assist in completing the word web for tool box. Some ideas are as follows: pliers, hammer, nails, wire, bolts, extra trays. Inform students that the words on the web will assist in writing an advertisement. Model writing a for sale advertisement on the board for the tool box.

## Directed Instruction 2

1 Proceed to PAGE 52 and point out the graphic organizer at the top of the page. Explain that the graphic organizer contains ideas that are found in the used car advertisement. Read the sentences about Wes, the graphic organizer, and the advertisement. Encourage students to listen for, identify, and underline the list words. (slick, rack, whole)

2 Read the directions under the advertisement. Brainstorm ideas for each list and allow students to write phrases to complete each column. Students will write their own used car advertisement on another piece of paper.

3 Homework suggestion: Have students read the graphic organizer and advertisement on page 52 to an adult. Suggest students take a practice spelling test at home or use BLM 1.4A A Spelling Study Strategy for additional practice.

## Lesson 13.5 - Wrap Up

## Introduction

Provide a review, utilizing WHITEBOARDS, FLASH CARDS, or the Word Wall.

## Directed Instruction

## NOTES

1 Administer the test by dictating the list words, using the Warm Up sentences or developing original ones. Reserve knife, whole, and writing for the dictation sentences.

2 Follow this procedure for the dictation sentences: read the sentence, invite the class to say the sentence with you, then read the sentence again. Dictate the following sentences:

- They used a knife to cut the rope.
- Please wash the whole fruit.
- I am writing the address down.

3 If assigned, dictate Extra Challenge Words. Score the test.


